Appendix B Amended Stipulated Judgment

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JUN 1 4 2004

LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

NATURAL RESOURCES DEFENSE COUNCIL, INC., SAN PEDRO AND PENINSULA HOMEOWNERS' COALITION, SAN PEDRO PENINSULA HOMEOWNERS UNITED, INC., and COALITION FOR CLEAN AIR, INC.,

Petitioners,

CITY OF LOS ANGELES, a Municipal Corporation, PORT OF LOS ANGELES, and LOS ANGELES BOARD OF HARBOR COMMISSIONERS,

Respondents.

CHINA SHIPPING HOLDING COMPANY, LTD., and DOES I-V,

Real Parties in Interest.

Case No.: BS 070017

[PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

Dept: 85, Honorable Dzintra Janavs

PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

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RECITALS

WHEREAS, the City of Los Angeles on May 8, 2001, and the Port of Los Angeles ("Port") and Los Angeles Board of Harbor Commissioners ("Board") on March 28, 2001, ("Respondents") approved a project to construct and lease to China Shipping Holding Co, Ltd. a three-phase container terminal at Berths 97-109 of the Port and the Board on October 10, 2001, approved a Coastal Development Permit for the first phase of the China Shipping Project; and

WHEREAS, on June 14, 2001, Petitioners Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., San Pedro and Peninsula Homeowners Coalition, San Pedro Peninsula Homeowners United, Inc., and Coalition for Clean Air, Inc. ("Petitioners") filed this action entitled Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., et al. v. City of Los Angeles, et al. against Respondents seeking a writ of mandate pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"); and

WHEREAS, on October 23, 2002, the Second District Court of Appeal issued a stay, which is currently in effect, staying the completion of the wharf at Berth 100 beyond 1,000 feet; the erection and operation of the cranes at Berth 100; the operation of Phase I of the China Shipping Project; and construction and operation of Phases II and III of the China Shipping Project. The stay does not prevent: completion of the storm drain system; completion of the backlands; use of the backlands for container storage; and offloading and storage of the cranes at Berth 100; and

WHEREAS, on October 30, 2002, the Second District Court of Appeal issued its decision and remanded the matter to the trial court with directions to grant Petitioners' petition for writ of mandate, to order Respondents to prepare a project-specific environmental impact report ("EIR") for all three phases of the China Shipping project, and to issue an injunction incorporating the terms of the October 23, 2002 stay; and

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WHEREAS, the Court of Appeal has denied Respondents' request for a rehearing, the California Supreme Court has denied Respondents' petition for review and their request for a stay of the Court of Appeal's order, and the Los Angeles Superior Court has directed the Respondents and Petitioners to prepare and submit an order and writ in accordance with the Court's direction given at a hearing on February 6, 2003; and

WHEREAS, Petitioners desire to ensure that an adequate environmental review of the impacts of container terminal operations at Berths 97-109 is prepared and considered by Respondents in compliance with CEQA, Respondents desire to provide for the operation of Phase I of the China Shipping Terminal while the China Shipping EIR is being prepared, and Petitioners and Respondents (the "Parties") seek to provide a mechanism to resolve future disputes over the China Shipping EIR; and

WHEREAS, the Parties desired to settle the disputes between them, to have an agreement and stipulated judgment (the "Stipulated Judgment") entered as a stipulated judgment in this Action, and further desired that the Los Angeles Superior Court confirm and approve this Stipulated Judgment and modify the terms of the injunction consistent with this Stipulated Judgment; and

WHEREAS, the Court entered the Stipulated Judgment on March 6, 2003; and WHEREAS, Petitioners initiated arbitration under the Stipulated Judgment as entered on March 6, 2003, and at the same time, the Port asserted it would respond by arbitrating a separate group of issues, including that certain provisions of the Stipulated Judgment are not feasible or otherwise excused; and

WHEREAS, the Parties have met and conferred and agree to amend this Stipulated

Judgment and further desire that the Court confirm and approve this Amended Stipulated

Judgment.

[PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

NOW, THEREFORE, EACH OF THE PARTIES TO THIS AMENDED STIPULATED

JUDGMENT AND MODIFICATION OF STAY AGREE, AND THIS COURT HEREBY

FINDS, ORDERS, ADJUDGES AND DECREES AS FOLLOWS:

I

JURISDICTION

This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this matter and has personal jurisdiction over the Petitioners and Respondents in this action. The Parties intend, and the Court hereby does, retain continuing jurisdiction over this Judgment to administer and enforce its terms.

II

PARTIES BOUND

The provisions of this Judgment shall apply to and be binding upon the Parties, their officers, directors, and successors. The undersigned representatives of the respective signatories certify that they are fully authorized by the party that they represent to enter into the terms and conditions of this Judgment, to execute this Judgment on behalf of the party that they represent, and to legally bind the party that they represent.

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DEFINITIONS

Words used in this Stipulated Judgment are to be taken and understood in their natural and ordinary sense unless this Stipulated Judgment indicates that a different meaning was intended. Whenever the following terms are used in this Stipulated Judgment, the following meanings shall apply:

[PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

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DECLARATION OF GOALS AND PURPOSES

The Parties have stipulated to enter this Stipulated Judgment to address Respondents' desire to provide for the operation of Phase I of the China Shipping Project while the China Shipping EIR is prepared and to modify the stay and injunction imposed by the Court of Appeal to allow such operation, Petitioners' desire to ensure that an adequate environmental review of the impacts of container terminal operations at Berths 97-109 is prepared and considered by Respondents in compliance with CEQA and the Parties desire to seek to provide a mechanism to resolve any future disputes concerning the China Shipping EIR.

V

OPERATION OF PHASE ONE OF THE

CHINA SHIPPING/BERTH 97-109 PROJECT

PENDING COMPLETION OF A NEW EIR

A. Phase One Operation May Proceed. In consideration of the additional mitigation and other terms of this Judgment, the Port may complete construction and commence or allow operation of Phase I of the China Shipping Project, as described in the Lease, immediately upon the effective date of this Judgment. The Port may also continue to operate or allow the operation of Phase I while the China Shipping EIR is being prepared, and while any legal disputes regarding the China Shipping EIR are resolved. However, nothing in this Judgment shall prevent Petitioners from requesting the superior court to stay construction and/or operation of Phase I of the China Shipping Project on the basis of an inadequacy of the China Shipping EIR that is significant enough to warrant a stay in light of the agreed upon mitigation measures in this Stipulated Judgment, or for a material failure to implement the mitigation measures set forth in [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

section VIII of this Judgment, provided such request is first submitted to the Arbitrator. The Port shall be subject to the capacity cap set forth in section XI of this Judgment, below, during the period that the China Shipping EIR is being prepared and while any legal disputes regarding the China Shipping EIR are resolved.

- B. Modification of Stay and Injunction. In its October 30, 2002 decision in this Action, the Second District Court of Appeal remanded this Action to this Court with directions that this Court issue a writ of mandate requiring preparation of "an EIR in connection with all three phases of the China Shipping project" and issue an injunction incorporating the terms of the stay issued by the Court of Appeal on October 23, 2002. A copy of that stay order is attached to this Judgment as Exhibit "A". The Parties agree that the injunction shall be modified to allow the following, subject to the provisions of section V.D of this Judgment: completion of the wharf at Berth 100, erection and operation of the four cranes at Berth 100, subject to the provisions of section VIII.A.2 of this Judgment, and operation of Phase I of the China Shipping Project, subject to the capacity cap set forth in section XI of this Judgment. The injunction of Phases II and III of the China Shipping Project is not modified by this provision, and shall stay in place until lifted by a court of competent jurisdiction, consistent with the writ of mandate issued by the Los Angeles Superior Court.
- C. <u>Further Actions to Allow Operation</u>. By executing this Judgment, the Parties intend that the stay imposed by the Court of Appeal and the injunction to be issued in accordance with that stay shall be modified by the Los Angeles Superior Court as described herein.
- D. <u>Termination of Lease</u>. The purpose of this Stipulated Judgment from the Port's perspective is to obtain the ability to complete and operate Phase I of the China Shipping Project. Accordingly, upon written notice by Respondents to counsel for Petitioners that (1) China

Shipping has terminated the Lease, has provided notice of termination of the Lease, or otherwise will not use Berths 97-109, and (2) that the site will not otherwise be utilized for container terminal operations, then sections V (A) through (C), VIII, and XI, of this Stipulated Judgment shall be tolled. In such an event, any money already paid by Respondents pursuant to section VIII of this Judgment shall not be refunded and shall be fully distributed and used in accordance with the provisions of section VIII, and the Port shall not be required to make further payments pursuant to section VIII, except as provided in sections V.D.1 through 3 of this Stipulated Judgment.

- 1. If China Shipping later intends to commence container terminal operations at Berths 97-109, whether under the Lease or a new agreement, alone or in combination with any other company, then Respondents shall provide written notice to counsel for Petitioners and all the provisions of this Judgment shall become fully effective 30 days after receipt of such written notice, and any deadlines for payments pursuant to section VIII shall be extended by the period of tolling.
- 2. If the Port later intends to allow anyone other than China Shipping to operate Berths 97-109 for container terminal operations, the Port shall provide written notice of such intent to counsel for Petitioners upon the earliest commitment by the Port to lease Berths 97-109 or otherwise allow Berths 97-109 to be used for container operations, including but not limited to the execution of a notice of intent or a memorandum of understanding, at which time section VIII of this Judgment shall become fully effective.
- 3. If section V.A through C of this Judgment is tolled pursuant to this provision and remains tolled for a period of 90 days, then the Port shall, within one year, either sell or move the four cranes currently at Berths 97-109 to another location, or pay the additional

amount of \$2 million towards community aesthetic mitigation pursuant to section VIII.B of this Judgment. The obligation to move the cranes or pay additional mitigation shall be extinguished if container uses commence at Berths 97-109, except as provided in section VIII.A.2 of this Judgment.

- 4. The Port currently has the right to allow the use of the backlands at Berths 97-109 for container storage pursuant to the decision of the Second District Court of Appeal and the writ issued by the Los Angeles Superior Court. Notwithstanding the provisions of section V.D(1) through (3), if section VIII of this Stipulated Judgment is tolled pursuant to this section V.D, then such use of the backlands limited to that use as specifically allowed by the Court of Appeal shall not constitute operation of Phase I for purposes of this section V.D. This provision does not authorize any use of the backlands beyond that allowed by the Court of Appeal and the Superior Court writ, and does not limit the Port's obligation to conduct CEQA review for any expansion of such use beyond that allowed by the Court of Appeal and the Superior Court writ.
- 5. If provisions of this Agreement are tolled and remain tolled for a period of five years, then this Agreement shall terminate.

VI

PREPARATION OF A PROJECT-SPECIFIC EIR FOR THE CHINA SHIPPING/BERTH 97-109 PROJECT AND RECONSIDERATION OF THE CHINA SHIPPING LEASE AND COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

- A. <u>Preparation of a Project-Specific EIR for the China Shipping Project.</u>
- Project-Specific EIR. The Port shall prepare a project-specific EIR

 evaluating the impacts of the construction and operation of all three phases combined of the

 China Shipping Project. Such EIR shall be certified by Respondents under CEQA for their use in

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the reconsideration of the approval of the Lease and Coastal Development Permit or for the approval of any container terminal use at Berths 97-109, and Respondents shall process and consider such EIR under CEQA and otherwise comply with all obligations under CEQA applicable to an EIR which must serve as the basis for any such project approval. The China Shipping EIR shall: (a) evaluate all project-specific and cumulative impacts from the China Shipping Project (development and operation of Berths 97-109 as described in the Lease) alone, and not as part of any larger West Basin project or other project, (b) assess mitigation measures to reduce those impacts, and (c) consider alternatives to the China Shipping Project with reduced environmental impacts, including alternative "Port-related uses" other than a shipping terminal at the site of the China Shipping Project and alternatives to the size, magnitude and configuration of the proposed China Shipping Project.

The Port will analyze in the China Shipping EIR the aesthetic impacts, on and off of Port lands, from the terminal and its activities at Berths 97-109 including but not limited to the cranes at those berths (including cumulative aesthetic impacts off of Port lands). The Port is not prejudging whether these impacts are adverse or significant. As part of this review, the Port will consider all written and photographic evidence of impacts submitted by the Port Community Advisory Committee ("PCAC"), any of its subcommittees, or any member of the public. The Port will consider aesthetic mitigation measures on and off of Port lands. Where significant impacts are present, the Port will adopt mitigation measures that are feasible as required by CEOA.

The Port shall prepare and distribute a new notice of preparation, conduct and complete a new scoping process, circulate a new draft EIR for public and agency review, and complete and certify the China Shipping EIR.

Nothing in this agreement shall prevent the Port from preparing and certifying EIRs for other projects, including, but not limited to, a possible proposal to develop a project that combines operation of the China Shipping Project with the Berths 121-131 Yang Ming Terminal and a possible EIR that addresses other terminals in the West Basin and/or the West Basin as a whole, including Berths 97-109. The Port's preparation of any such other EIR will not supercede or replace or otherwise alter the Port's obligation to complete and certify the China Shipping EIR in compliance with CEQA and the provisions of this Judgment and to adopt the mitigation measures identified in the China Shipping EIR for the China Shipping Project, as provided in section VI.C below. The Port shall certify the China Shipping EIR prior to or at the same time that it certifies any other EIR that evaluates the Berth 97-109 site as part of that other EIR's proposed project.

- 2. <u>Baseline</u>. The baseline for consideration of impacts from the China Shipping Project shall be either zero or the baseline for Berths 97-109 prior to approval of the Lease in March 2001.
- 3. Scope of Review. The China Shipping EIR will cover all three phases of the China Shipping Project, as described in the Lease. The China Shipping EIR will evaluate the following categories of impacts on the Port, the surrounding communities of San Pedro and Wilmington, and the South Coast Air Basin, and will set forth mitigation measures for any impacts in these categories which are potentially significant: (a) geology, seismicity, and topography, (b) groundwater, soils and sediments; (c) meteorology and air quality; (d) toxic emissions and risk; (e) hydrology, water quality and oceanography; (f) biota and habitats; (g) ground transportation and circulation; (h) marine vessel transportation; (i) noise; (j) public health

and safety; (k) public services; (l) energy; (m) utilities; (n) land use; (o) aesthetics, visual impacts and light and glare; (p) recreation; (q) cultural resources; and (r) environmental justice.

4. <u>Consultant</u>. The primary consultants to prepare the China Shipping EIR shall be:

Lead consultant:

CH2M Hill

Traffic consultant:

Mayer Mohades and Kaku Associates

Air quality consultant:

CH2M Hill and an additional firm to be determined

Aesthetics consultant:

CH2M Hill and Takata and Associates.

The Port will retain an additional consultant to assist in the air quality impact analysis or review of such analysis, and shall employ TIAX LLC as that additional air quality consultant if TIAX LLC meets the contracting requirements of the City of Los Angeles.

- 5. <u>PCAC Follow-up Meeting Regarding Draft China Shipping EIR.</u> Port staff will meet with the PCAC following the close of the public comment period on the draft EIR to develop issue resolutions that can be documented for placement in the final EIR.
- B. Reconsideration of China Shipping Project. Respondents shall reconsider their approvals of the use of Berths 97-109 as a container terminal, and for that purpose they shall first consider the China Shipping EIR in the manner prescribed by CEQA and in accordance with the provisions of this Judgment, and shall certify the China Shipping EIR for that purpose.

 Following certification of the China Shipping EIR, the Board of Harbor Commissioners ("Board") shall reconsider its issuance of a Coastal Development Permit for the Project in light of the new China Shipping EIR and the Port and City shall each reconsider their approvals of the Lease in light of the new China Shipping EIR. Alternatively, if Berths 97-109 (or any part thereof) is leased under a different agreement, the Port and City shall first complete the China [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

Shipping EIR and shall consider the approval of any such agreement in light of the new China Shipping EIR. Nothing in this provision shall prevent Respondents from using the backlands for container storage as allowed by the Second District Court of Appeal in its October 30, 2002 decision.

C. Adoption of Feasible Mitigation Measures. If the Port takes any further action to approve use of Berths 97-109 as a container terminal, whether through the re-approval of the China Shipping Lease or the Coastal Development Permit or through any other approval for container terminal use of Berths 97-109, including in combination with the Yang Ming terminal, then the Port will adopt all mitigation measures identified in the China Shipping EIR for all environmental impacts of the China Shipping Project found in the China Shipping EIR to be significant, provided that the Board finds the measure to be feasible. In addition, if the City takes any further action to approve use of Berths 97-109 as a container terminal, whether through the re-approval of the China Shipping Lease or the Coastal Development Permit or through any other approval for container terminal use of Berths 97-109, including in combination with the Yang Ming terminal, then the City will adopt all mitigation measures identified in the China Shipping EIR for all environmental impacts of the China Shipping Project found in the China Shipping EIR to be significant, provided that the City finds the measure to be feasible. Consistent with the obligations of a lead agency decisionmaking body under CEQA, the feasibility of mitigation measures identified in the China Shipping EIR shall be determined by the Board and the City, respectively, based upon substantial evidence in the record. Where a mitigation measure is proposed for adoption in the China Shipping EIR in order to reduce a significant impact to insignificance and that measure is rejected as infeasible by the Board or the City, the Board or the City shall adopt specific findings based upon substantial evidence explaining such determination, [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

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consistent with the requirements of CEQA. Any dispute regarding the "feasibility" of mitigation measures will be resolved by arbitration, as set forth in section VII below.

D. <u>Alternatives</u>. Before the Port or City takes any further action to approve use of Berths 97-109 as a container terminal, whether through the re-approval of the China Shipping Lease or the Coastal Development Permit or through any other approval for container terminal use of Berths 97-109, including in combination with the Yang Ming terminal, each shall consider the alternatives to the China Shipping Project analyzed in the China Shipping EIR. In addition, if the Port prepares a separate EIR for a combined China Shipping/Yang Ming terminal, it will consider the same alternatives for the use of Berths 97-109 in that EIR and it will also consider the combined terminal as an alternative in the China Shipping EIR.

VII

ARBITRATION

A. Any disputes between the Parties arising under this Judgment, including but not limited to disputes regarding the adequacy of the China Shipping EIR, regarding time limits, regarding the determination of feasibility of mitigation measures identified in the China Shipping EIR, or relating to Respondents' obligations pursuant to and in compliance with section VIII shall be submitted to Justice Steven Stone (retired) for non-binding arbitration, with the exception of disputes submitted to arbitration regarding the feasibility of AMP and related alternative Air Emissions Mitigation, per Exhibit B, which shall be binding. Should Justice Stone become unavailable, the Parties will agree on a replacement arbitrator. If the parties cannot reach agreement, Justice Stone, or the superior court if he is unavailable, shall designate a replacement arbitrator.

- B. The Parties intend that arbitration shall be used only to resolve actual disputes between the Parties and shall not be used to obtain advisory opinions, and accordingly, any dispute submitted to the arbitrator must be an actual dispute that could be litigated between the Parties. The Parties agree that to initiate an arbitration, the party wishing to arbitrate must first attempt in good-faith to resolve the dispute directly with the other party. The Parties agree that they will enter into stipulations, tolling agreements or other agreements needed to extend the time periods for filing suit set forth in Public Resources Code section 21167 where such a time extension is necessary to allow such arbitration required by this Judgment. No Party shall file suit with respect to any dispute that is subject to arbitration under this Agreement unless the dispute first has been arbitrated and the arbitrator has issued his or her non-binding written determination concerning the dispute. The Parties agree that China Shipping may participate in arbitration provided for under this Agreement with respect to Exhibit B.
- C. Nothing in this section shall prevent Petitioners from requesting the superior court to issue a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction to stay construction and/or operation of any container terminal project at Berths 97-109 on the basis of a material failure of Respondents to comply with CEQA or to implement the mitigation measures set forth in section VIII of this Stipulated Judgment, pending arbitration of such dispute, provided that Petitioners shall have first provided the Port with an opportunity to cure the alleged breach and also submitted the dispute to the Arbitrator.
- D. If any legal action is brought by a third party not a Party to this Judgment challenging the China Shipping EIR or an EIR evaluating joint operation of China Shipping and Yang Ming if the claims relate primarily to China Shipping, or challenging the approval of the

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China Shipping Project, then, if requested by the Port, Petitioners shall not object to inclusion of such third party lawsuit in any ongoing arbitration under this section challenging the same EIR.

- E. (1) The Port shall pay costs incurred by the arbitrator for resolution of disputes between the Parties, but such costs shall be no more than \$40,000 annually. (2) Where and when the \$40,000 cap is exceeded, any party to the Arbitration shall have the option of bearing its own cost for additional arbitration or seeking relief directly from the Superior Court. (3) Subsection VII.E.2 shall not apply to disputes regarding AMP feasibility and alternative Air Emissions Mitigation, which are subject to binding arbitration. If the costs incurred by the arbitrator exceed \$40,000, the parties shall initially split the cost of the arbitrator in excess of \$40,000, and may later seek to reallocate those costs under section XII.
- F. This section VII shall apply to any disputes among the Parties and China Shipping Holding Co., Ltd. regarding the feasibility of the use of alternative power, low profile cranes, or any alternative mitigation pursuant to section VIII.A.3 and Exhibit B attached hereto ("AMP feasibility").
- G. When any dispute is decided by the Arbitrator, the Parties shall require the arbitrator to issue a statement of the rationale and reasoning for the arbitrator's determination, and such statement shall be part of the record presented to any court where the dispute is subsequently litigated.

VIII

MITIGATION OF CHINA SHIPPING TERMINAL AND OTHER PORT IMPACTS

A. <u>Mitigation Measures</u>

1. Alternative Fuels for Container Handling Equipment. The Port shall require that yard tractors used at Berths 97-109 be powered only by alternative fuels ("alternative 17

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fuels"), as defined by the California Air Resources Board (CARB). The Port shall require all top picks and side picks used at Berths 97-109 to utilize emulsified diesel fuel and diesel oxidation catalysts unless the Port provides to Petitioners written documentation by the operator that emulsified diesel fuel and/or diesel oxidation catalysts cannot for technical or safety reasons be used for a particular application. The Port shall require the terminal operator to begin using the alternative fuel yard tractors in place of existing yard tractors on the following schedule: 15 alternative fuel yard tractors by June 30, 2004; 30 alternative fuel yard tractors by July 31, 2004; and 45 alternative fuel yard tractors by August 31, 2004. The terminal operator shall use 100% alternative fuel yard tractors no later than September 30, 2004. Until said alternative-fuel yard tractors are delivered, the Port shall use only yard tractors at Berths 97-109 that are equipped with diesel oxidation catalysts and use lower emitting "emulsified diesel fuel" or are equipped with diesel particulate traps and use lower emitting low-sulfur diesel fuel. These requirements that yard tractors be powered by alternative fuels shall apply unless the Port provides to Petitioners written documentation by the operator that an alternative-fuel yard tractor cannot for technical reasons be used for a particular application. Whenever this subsection applies to allow the use or purchase of yard tractors that are not powered by alternative fuels, only equipment operated by emulsified diesel fuel and equipped with diesel oxidation catalysts or low sulfur diesel fuel with particulate traps shall be used.

2. <u>Marine Terminal Cranes</u>.

If Berth 102 is constructed, then prior to commencing operations at Berth 102 the Port shall cause the installation on Berth 102 of two "low profile" cranes that are designed to reduce visual impact. If the total price of the cranes exceeds \$25 million, including but not limited to the design costs of the supplier and its subcontractors, then the Port or China Shipping [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

may submit to the Arbitrator the question of whether that cost makes those cranes infeasible. If the Arbitrator determines that it is not feasible to purchase two "low profile" cranes that comply with the Specification issued by the Port dated March 11, 2003, Addendum 1, and technical deviations submitted by ZPMC, as modified by the letter from ZPMC to the Port dated April 14, 2004, at a cost of less than \$25 million for the two cranes, then the Port shall contribute to community aesthetic mitigation to benefit San Pedro pursuant to section VIII.B.3 of the Amended Stipulated Judgment in a sum equal to an additional \$800,000 per crane installed on Berth 102.

Low profile cranes include cranes that are designed to reduce visual impact by the use of a horizontal boom that does not need to be raised up when the crane is not in use such that the overall crane height is reduced to 185 feet or less when the crane is not in use and mobile harbor cranes. If additional cranes are purchased for use at Berth 102, they shall be low profile cranes unless low profile cranes are determined to be infeasible under Exhibit B.

The Port shall, no later than 30 days from the Effective Date of this Amended Stipulated Judgment, deposit into the Community Aesthetic Mitigation fund (described in section VII.B.3 below) an additional \$3.5 million to be used for the creation of parks and/or open space off of Port lands benefiting San Pedro.

3. Alternative Maritime Power During Hoteling of Ships. The Port shall install the necessary electrical infrastructure at Berths 100 and 102 to provide shoreside electrical power for ship hoteling (alternative maritime power or "AMP"). The infrastructure for Berth 100 shall be completed no later than March 6, 2004 and shall be provided at Berth 102 prior to operation of the berth. The Port shall pay the costs of retrofitting China Shipping's ships so they may use the electrical power while docked at Berths 97-109 up to a total of \$5 million.

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a. Notwithstanding the \$5 million cap, the Port shall require subject to the feasibility standard in section VIII.A.3.c below, that a specified percentage of ships docking at Berths 97-109 in the Port of Los Angeles use AMP for hoteling pursuant to the following schedule:

- By August 31, 2004, the Port shall retrofit two China
 Shipping vessels, which shall be dedicated to service of the
 Port of Los Angeles and shall call on Berths 97-109 and use
 AMP while docked at berth;
- During the period from August 31, 2004 through January 1,
 2005, the Port shall require that a minimum of 30% of ship calls, on average, at Berths 97-109 shall utilize AMP while at berth;
- 3. By January 1, 2005, the Port shall retrofit a total of three

 China Shipping vessels, which shall be dedicated to service

 of the Port of Los Angeles and shall call on Berths 97-109

 and use AMP while docked at berth;
- During the period from January 1, 2005 through July 1,
 2005, the Port shall require that a minimum of 60% of ship calls by China Shipping, on average, at Berths 97-109 shall utilize AMP while at berth;
- By March 31, 2005, the Port shall have retrofit a total of four China Shipping vessels which shall call on Berths 100-102 and use AMP while docked at berth;

- 6. For every twelve-month period commencing July 1, 2005, the Port shall require that a minimum of 70% of ship calls by China Shipping, on average, at Berths 97-109 shall utilize AMP while at berth.
- b. In the event that China Shipping terminates the Lease or otherwise does not use Berths 97-109 pursuant to section V.D of this Stipulated Judgment, then section VIII.A.3.b shall apply in place of section VIII.A.3.a. Under this section VIII.A.3.b, notwithstanding the \$5 million cap, the Port shall require subject to the provisions of Exhibit B that as of the date of commencement of operations at Berths 97-109 at least 70% of all ships docking at Berths 97-109 use AMP for hoteling, and shall include this provision in the lease for use of the berths.
- c. The Parties have agreed with China Shipping to a feasibility test for the use of AMP. These provisions are attached as Exhibit B, and incorporated as if fully set forth herein.
- 4. Evaluation of Low Sulfur Marine Fuel. The Port shall evaluate the feasibility and emissions benefits (SO_x, NO_x, PM and CO₂) of using available grades of marine fuel with 2,000 parts per million (ppm) or less sulfur content (including, but not limited to, 2,000, 500, 150 and 15 ppm sulfur), in commercial container vessels when in coastal waters and at berth. The evaluation shall survey different ship configurations (i.e., including differing number, fuel type, fuel tank, sizes and uses of marine engines, sulfur content and volume of marine fuel used, annual number of times berthed at POLA and differing purposes of diesel engines, such as propulsion, propulsion/power generation or power generation) and evaluate the feasibility of all grades of lower-sulfur marine fuel in all possible configurations. The Port shall [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

evaluate: (1) the availability of marine fuels with 2,000 ppm or less sulfur content at the Ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach, at all origination and ports of call used by China Shipping vessels that call on Berths 97-109, and at the 20 fueling locations, other than those already included for evaluation above, used most frequently by shipping companies that call on the Port of Los Angeles; (2) the status of use by fleets at the Ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach and throughout the world of lower-sulfur marine fuel; (3) safety considerations, including flashpoint; (4) equipment needs, including modified lubricants, for each combination of engines and fuel grade; and (5) any other operational issues. The feasibility evaluation shall also include an assessment of the costs of the grades of lower-sulfur marine fuel and the cost per ton of pollution reductions for SO_x, NO_x, PM and CO₂. The evaluation shall be completed and a report generated and sent to Petitioners by May 31, 2005. In addition, the Port shall generate and send to Petitioners for their review an outline of the scope of the proposed evaluation before commencing the evaluation.

5. Creation and Implementation of a Traffic Mitigation Plan. (a) The Port shall conduct a traffic study as part of the China Shipping EIR, which study shall be completed by May 1, 2003. The Port shall begin implementation of mitigation for traffic impacts of operation of Phase I within 30 days of the completion of this study. The Parties acknowledge that this traffic study may be issued prior to the issuance of the China Shipping EIR, and that the traffic study may be revised as part of the completion of the EIR process. (b) The Port shall create and implement a traffic mitigation plan for San Pedro and Wilmington in response to the baseline study of traffic impacts of Port operations currently underway, and shall begin implementation of the plan within three months of completion of the traffic study, which shall

be completed by September 1, 2003. The traffic study is one of the seven studies ordered by the Board of Harbor Commissioners on October 10, 2001.

- 6. <u>Modification of China Shipping Permit</u>. The Parties agree that this Amended Stipulated Judgment has, as a condition precedent, the requirement that Permit 999 shall be amended to incorporate the requirements of sections VIII.A.1, 2 and 3 of this Amended Stipulated Judgment so that they are binding upon China Shipping. If this does not occur, then the original Stipulated Judgment shall govern.
- B. <u>Mitigation Payment</u>. The Port shall act to mitigate the environmental and other effects of Port operations on and off Port lands by depositing into a separate designated mitigation account \$10 million per year in five installments, for a total of \$50 million. The first \$10 million payment shall be made by April 5, 2003, and subsequent payments shall be made one year from the date of the first payment for the following four years.

Of the mitigation payments, \$10 million shall be used for the Gateway Cities Program, as set forth in section VIII.B.1. Out of the remaining payments, \$20 million shall be used for air quality mitigation (as set forth in section VIII.B.2 below), and \$20 million shall be used for community aesthetic mitigation (as set forth in section VIII.B.3 below), so that overall, sixty percent of these funds shall be used for air quality mitigation and forty percent of these funds shall be used for community aesthetic mitigation. Payments into the account shall be made on the following schedule:

April 5, 2003 ("First Payment Date") -- \$5 million for the Gateway Cities Program, \$1 million for air quality mitigation, and \$4 million for community aesthetic mitigation;

1 year from First Payment Date -- \$2.5 million for the Gateway Cities Program; \$3.5 million for air quality mitigation, and \$4 million for community aesthetic mitigation;

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[PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

2 years from First Payment Date -- \$2.5 million for the Gateway Cities Program; \$3.5 million for air quality mitigation, and \$4 million for community aesthetic mitigation;

3 years from First Payment Date -- \$6 million for air quality mitigation, and \$4 million for community aesthetic mitigation; and

4 years from First Payment Date -- \$6 million for air quality mitigation, and \$4 million for community aesthetic mitigation.

All funds shall be committed for use pursuant to this section within five years. If at the conclusion of the five years any funds remain that have not yet been committed, within 30 days these funds shall be applied to an independent air quality mitigation program available to administer the funds and mutually agreeable to the Parties, with restrictions sufficient to ensure that such funds are used to reduce Port-related emissions. If the Parties cannot agree on the program to receive the remaining funds, the Parties shall submit the issue to the Arbitrator.

- 1. Gateway Cities Program. The \$10 million allocated to the Gateway Cities Program shall be used for incentives to replace, repower or retrofit existing diesel-powered on-road trucks consistent with the existing written guidelines for distribution of funds by that Program. However, funding under this section may only be allocated to registered truck owners who verify to the Gateway Cities Program that they have made 100 deliveries to or from the Port of Los Angeles over the last year, and upon request by the Gateway Cities Program provide documentation through bills of lading or similar documentation. The Gateway Cities Program shall be required as a condition of receipt of the funds to provide a verifiable report and accounting on a quarterly basis confirming that the funds were used for trucks calling at the Port in compliance with the requirements of this Judgment. The Port shall have the right to have a City auditor examine all relevant records and verify that these funds were properly disbursed.
- 2. <u>Air quality mitigation</u>. The portion of the mitigation funds to be used for the reduction of air quality impacts from Port operations shall be deposited into a separate [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

designated account to be maintained by the Port for expenditures to be made pursuant to this section. These funds shall be expended only for programs and improvements that reduce emissions from Port operations that affect the communities of San Pedro and Wilmington. These funds shall also be expended only pursuant to the following requirements:

- a. funding may be allocated to improvements, facilities, engines and equipment, and incentives to make alternative fuels available for Port operations (provided that funding for engines and equipment may not be allocated to the costs of complying with SCAQMD rules governing yard tractors, although funding may be allocated to mitigation that exceeds SCAQMD requirements, or that achieves compliance at an earlier time than otherwise required);
- b. funding may be allocated to emission reductions from locomotives that regularly serve the Port;
- c. funding may be allocated to emission reductions from ships only if the ship owner certifies and the Port confirms that the ship regularly calls at the Port;
- d. funding may be allocated to emission reductions from tugs and other harbor craft only if the craft is located at and directly serves the Port; and
- e. funding may be allocated to improvements on trucks only if the registered truck owner certifies to the Port that they have made 100 or more annual deliveries to or from the Port over the past year. Funding of projects pursuant to subsections (a) through (d) above shall have priority over funding of projects pursuant to this subsection (e).

The Port shall provide a report and accounting on a quarterly basis verifying that the funds have been allocated in compliance with these terms.

3. <u>Community aesthetic mitigation</u>. The Port shall expend a total of \$20 million dollars over a four-year period for the reduction of aesthetic impacts from Port facilities and operations. This community aesthetic mitigation fund is being created, in part, to allow for mitigation of aesthetic impacts of the China Shipping Terminal off of Port lands. All projects funded under this subsection shall be port-related projects on Port land, or shall be projects not on Port land that have a demonstrable nexus or connection to the environmental, aesthetic, and/or

 public health impacts of the Port's operations and facilities. Where adverse aesthetic impacts are found in the China Shipping EIR or future EIRs for port expansion projects, the Port will analyze whether the proposals that are complete as of the time the Notice of Preparation for the EIR is issued by the Port and submitted for the aesthetic mitigation fund would mitigate those impacts and discuss how the proposal would mitigate those impacts. This requirement is terminated once the community aesthetic mitigation funds are fully allocated. Projects to receive funding under this subsection shall fall within the following categories and be prioritized as follows: (i) open space and parks; (ii) landscaping and beautification; and (iii) funding for educational, arts, and athletic facilities consistent with the Tidelands Trust. Proceeds for projects funded under this section shall be divided approximately evenly between projects benefiting San Pedro and Wilmington. Nothing in the foregoing shall alter the Port's obligations under the California Environmental Quality Act.

- 4. <u>Funding Procedures</u>. The following procedures shall be followed until the air quality and community aesthetic mitigation funds are allocated by the Port pursuant to section VIII.B.2 and VIII.B.3, above.
- a. Any party proposing such funding shall submit a proposal simultaneously to the PCAC and to the Port's Environmental Mitigation Coordinator ("Mitigation Coordinator"). The Mitigation Coordinator shall attempt to work with the applicant to insure that the proposal meets the parameters of this Section of the Stipulated Judgment.
 - b. <u>PCAC Evaluation Process for Aesthetic Mitigation Proposals.</u>
- (i) Each aesthetic mitigation proposals shall describe its nexus to specific adverse impacts from past or future Port projects, and characterize whether the impact is off or on Port land. As to any aesthetic mitigation proposal submitted to the PCAC before the Effective Date, the party proposing such funding shall prepare and submit an addendum with this information. PCAC shall evaluate the submitted aesthetic mitigation proposals first by the prioritization of categories i, ii, and iii of section VIII.B.3 and then in the order received. The PCAC shall perform in a public process an evaluation to determine whether there is a

demonstrable nexus between the aesthetic mitigation proposal and a Port project's adverse impacts. The PCAC shall act as quickly as possible on all aesthetic proposals submitted to it.

(ii) The Mitigation Coordinator shall categorize all aesthetic mitigation proposals as to whether they (i) are located on or off Port lands per section VIII.B.3; (ii) fall within category i, ii, or iii of section VIII.B.3; and (iii) benefit San Pedro or Wilmington (or both).

(iii) Proposals linked to past projects.

(a) All proposals that are submitted after the Effective Date of this Amended Stipulated Judgment and that are intended to mitigate the impacts of a past project or projects, as well as all proposals that have already been received by PCAC as of the Effective Date of this Amended Stipulated Judgment and that are intended to mitigate the impacts of a past project, whether through the original proposal or the addendum described in section VIII.B.4.b(i), shall be directed to the PCAC Past EIR Working Group ("Working Group"). The Working Group shall evaluate using CEQA Principles ("CEQA Principles") (defined as assessing the mitigation measure using CEQA standards at 14 Cal. Code Regs. § 15370), and determine whether a demonstrable nexus exists between the Proposal and the impacts of the past project. If a demonstrable nexus is not found, the proposal shall be rejected. If a demonstrable nexus is found, the Working Group shall further evaluate the proposal using CEQA Principles to determine whether the proposal is the best measure to mitigate the impact identified. This evaluation shall be documented by the Working Group and forwarded, along with the proposal, to the California State Lands Commission staff ("State Lands").

(b) The PCAC shall submit to State Lands for its review all proposals for which the Working Group found a demonstrable nexus to a past Port project and projects along with the Working Group evaluation. PCAC shall request that State Lands provide a written response to the Working Group within 30 days of receipt by State Lands of the submitted proposal. Upon receipt, the Working Group shall evaluate State Lands' response and subsequently shall forward to State Lands (for information) and to PCAC: (1) the proposal; (2) the Working Group evaluation; (3) correspondence with State Lands and (4) any

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reply or reactions of the Working Group to State Lands' response. PCAC shall then vote to approve the proposal, deny the proposal, or approve the proposal with modifications. The PCAC determination and the Working Group evaluation do not constitute a CEQA determination or otherwise constrain the Port's discretion under CEQA.

(c) If the PCAC votes to approve the proposal, it will notify State Lands, ask for the State Lands' comments within 15 days, and request that such comments be submitted to the Board before the Board votes on the proposal in accordance with section VIII.B.4.d below.

PCAC Evaluation Process for Air Quality Mitigation Proposals. PCAC and the Port's Environmental Mitigation Coordinator shall consult with the Technical Advisory Committee as to air quality mitigation proposals submitted pursuant to section VIII.B.2 above. The proposal shall be considered by PCAC, which will recommend approval, denial, or approval with modifications. The Technical Advisory Committee shall consist of one representative with technical expertise regarding air pollution reductions applicable to ports appointed by each of the following entities: (1) the California Air Resources Board; (2) the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; (3) the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD); (4) the Mobile Source Reduction Committee for the South Coast Air Basin; and (5) South Coast Carl Moyer Memorial Air Quality Fund. The members of the Technical Advisory Committee shall serve without compensation and shall meet on a regular basis to advise the PCAC and the Port's Environmental Mitigation Coordinator on how best to utilize the air quality mitigation funds to maximize air quality emission reductions at the Port, including but not limited to the development of requests for proposals and evaluation of proposals submitted for funding. If an agency does not designate a representative to the Committee, the Committee may proceed with participation from the remaining agencies.

d. Evaluation of Proposals by the Board of Harbor Commissioners. If the PCAC recommends approval of a funding proposal as referenced above (including any modifications to the proposal which PCAC may recommend), then the proposal shall be forwarded to the Board for consideration. If the proposal is intended to mitigate the impacts of a [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

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past project or projects in accordance with section VIII.B.4.b(iii) above, then the Board shall direct staff to evaluate the proposal for implementation including but not limited to any CEQA requirements. Such evaluation shall include a cost estimate of implementation. At a public meeting, after considering the PCAC recommendation, any recommendation of the Technical Advisory Committee on the proposal, and any staff reports on the proposal and the record at the meeting, the Board shall approve, or deny the PCAC recommendation or return the proposal to the PCAC for consideration of modifications. If the Board denies the PCAC recommendation, it shall adopt specific findings explaining such actions. If the Board approves the PCAC recommendation, the project shall be funded; however, if State Lands objected to the approval of the proposal in accordance with section VIII.B.4.b(iii)(c) above, then the Board shall wait 45 days after such approval to transfer any funds.

- e. The Mitigation Coordinator shall prepare a quarterly report to the Board and the PCAC regarding the status of all approved projects and available mitigation funds in the designated account for specific types of mitigation. These funding procedures shall not affect the procedure for approval and funding of mitigation measures with funds other than those provided by the community aesthetic mitigation funds under this Amended Stipulated Judgment, or the Port's ability to use mitigation funds provided by the community aesthetic mitigation funds under this Amended Stipulated Judgment for mitigation related to the China Shipping Project.
- 5. Restrictions on Use of Mitigation Funds. The mitigation funds disbursed by the Port shall not be used for (a) mitigation measures committed to in Section VIII.A of this Judgment; (b) funds already committed to in any prior settlement or other document by the Port or City; (c) funds already budgeted for the current or future fiscal year by the Port or City or in an amount and type allocated for mitigation of Port impacts in prior years; (d) measures identified in future CEQA documents to mitigate impacts from projects not yet approved by the Port, except for aesthetic mitigation measures (although future CEQA documents may consider programs and activities funded pursuant to this provision in the baseline discussion); or (e) used as a substitute for existing budgeted municipal functions or programs. The aesthetic mitigation funds committed to in section VIII.B.3 may be used to mitigate any impacts identified in the China

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Shipping EIR or future CEQA documents for projects not yet approved by the Port. Funds to be allocated pursuant to this section VIII shall come from Port revenues, and may not come from grants, matching funds, or other sources of funds. The Port's expenditure of monies in this Agreement must be: (a) for programs to mitigate existing or future impacts of Port operations on the surrounding communities; (b) consistent with the State Tidelands Trust and the public trust doctrine; (c) consistent with the Los Angeles City Charter; (d) consistent with the California Coastal Act; and (e) consistent with any other applicable laws and regulations.

- 6. <u>Resolution of Disputes</u>. Any disputes regarding allocation of these mitigation funds shall be resolved by the Arbitrator.
- C. <u>Reporting Requirements</u>. The Port shall provide quarterly reports to Petitioners setting forth the status of its compliance with Section VIII of this Stipulated Judgment.

IX

CHANGES TO THE PORT COMMUNITY ADVISORY COMMITTEE

- A. <u>Continued Existence of PCAC</u>: This Stipulated Judgment shall not become effective until the Board has adopted a resolution providing for continued existence of the PCAC subject to applicable law and for the PCAC to operate under the continued governance of the Board.
- B. <u>Board Consideration of PCAC Resolutions</u>. This Stipulated Judgment shall not become effective until the Board has adopted a resolution providing that: (a) the Board will consider all resolutions adopted by the PCAC in an expeditious and timely manner; and (b) the Board shall issue a written statement of reasons and appropriate findings for any PCAC resolution rejected by the Board.

X

NOTICE OF UPCOMING CEQA ACTIONS

The Port shall on a monthly basis provide a description of all proposed projects and a schedule for upcoming decisions on port projects to the PCAC and neighborhood councils, including but not limited to issuance of notices of preparation of environmental documents, negative declarations, EIRs and other project approvals, with as much advance notice and [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

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description of such proposed projects and CEQA decisions as reasonably possible. The Port shall use its best efforts to provide such monthly notice as to minor exemptions from CEQA, and to ensure that all anticipated projects and CEQA decisions are included in the notice. The Parties understand that some matters may arise after such a monthly notice has been provided, and the fact that a project was not included on such a monthly notice shall not prevent Port staff or the Port Board from taking action on the matter.

XI

LIMIT ON INTERIM OPERATION OF BERTH 100 AND ADDITIONAL MITIGATION PAYMENT IF LIMIT IS EXCEEDED

During the interim period when operation of Phase I of the China Shipping Terminal is allowed pursuant to section V, above, the annual capacity of additional container cargo to be offloaded and handled at Berth 100 shall not exceed 328,000 TEUs per calendar year. If the China Shipping EIR is prepared in less than a calendar year, this capacity limit shall be determined based on the period of time between the effective date of this Judgment and the date that the China Shipping EIR is completed, prorated accordingly. If the container throughput exceeds the agreed-upon capacity, the Port shall make an additional payment to the mitigation fund described in section VIII.B, above, of \$30 per TEU in excess of the cap.

The Port shall provide to counsel for Petitioners a quarterly report with supporting documentation of the TEU throughput at Berth 97-109. This quarterly report may be provided on a confidential basis if such confidentiality is requested by the terminal operator, in which case Petitioners shall maintain the confidentiality of the report, and agree if any such document is submitted to the Arbitrator or a court, it shall be submitted under an agreement of confidentiality or under seal.

After the Board and City have each certified the China Shipping EIR and issued their respective decisions regarding the use of Berths 97-109, the capacity limit shall terminate.

However, if a Petitioner brings a legal action (including required arbitration) challenging the adequacy of the China Shipping EIR or otherwise challenging the legality of the City's or the Port's decisions regarding the use of Berths 97-109, then the capacity limit shall immediately and [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

provisionally be placed back in effect while the action is resolved, and the penalty payment of \$30 per TEU shall be placed into a separate designated account pending the outcome of the litigation. If the action is resolved with a finding that the Port abused its discretion and the abuse was prejudicial, the funds will be paid as additional mitigation as described in section VIII.B above, in approximately equal shares to air quality mitigation and community aesthetic mitigation. Otherwise, the Port will recover and retain these funds.

XII

ATTORNEYS' FEES IN THIS ACTION

- A. <u>Petitioners' Fees.</u> The Port has paid Petitioners reasonable attorneys' fees and costs for this Action, based upon reasonable hourly rates, in the amount of \$1,426,000.
- B. <u>Enforcement.</u> Petitioners shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the enforcement of this Judgment, including but not limited to the fees and costs incurred by Petitioners for arbitration pursuant to section VII, when Petitioners are the prevailing party as defined under Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5. The amount of attorneys' fees and costs to be awarded for enforcement of this Judgment shall be determined either through negotiation or by binding arbitration before the arbitrator.

XIII

FUTURE COOPERATION BETWEEN THE PORT AND PETITIONERS

The Parties agree that this settlement and this Judgment have been reached in the mutual best interests of the Parties. In that spirit, the Parties shall cooperate to implement this Judgment, including the execution and filing of any court papers in this action necessary to implement the terms of this Judgment.

In addition, the Parties agree to cooperatively address and respond to any future environmental issue at the Port and in San Pedro and Wilmington. This cooperation may consist of meetings and discussions among the Parties, the purpose of which will be to attempt to coordinate the Parties' efforts at considering or resolving such future environmental issues.

Nothing in this section shall limit the Parties' ability to bring future litigation against any other

party or in any way create a condition precedent to the commencement of future lawsuits or other legal action by the Parties.

XIV

STATEMENTS TO THE PRESS

The Parties agree to provide advance copies of their draft press releases to announce this settlement and Stipulated Judgment for review and comment by all other parties, and to make no other statements regarding this Stipulated Judgment until the agreed upon date and time for release of the written statements. The Parties will attempt in good faith to address concerns raised by any other party as to the draft press release. The Parties will also provide a copy of their final press releases to all other Parties before the effective date of this Stipulated Judgment.

XV

SETTLEMENT CONTINGENT ON COUNCIL APPROVAL AND SETTLEMENT OF FEDERAL LAWSUIT

This Stipulated Judgment requires approval of the Los Angeles City Council, and is subject to and contingent upon such Council approval. This Stipulated Judgment is also contingent upon a settlement of the federal lawsuit *Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., et al.*, v. United States Army Corps of Engineers, et al., Case No. 02-04793 MMM (Ex).

XVI

FORCE MAJEURE

If an event of force majeure occurs, such as civil commotion, war, acts of public enemies, fire, explosion, earthquake or other natural disaster or action of the elements, or acts of God, or unforeseen circumstances which result in a prolonged interruption of operations of the Port, and if such event of force majeure is so severe that it prevents the Port from fulfilling its obligations under this Agreement, then those obligations to that extent shall be suspended during the period of force majeure, but not thereafter. This provision shall not apply to the obligations under section VIII.B, except that the obligations under section VIII.B shall be suspended if the event of force majeure results in the cessation of operations at the China Shipping Terminal prior to certification of the China Shipping EIR and shall resume as soon as such cessation ends. The

Port shall provide to Petitioners notice of an event of force majeure within five days of its occurrence. Any disputes concerning the application of this force majeure provision shall be submitted to the Arbitrator.

XVII

INTEGRATION AND SEVERABILITY

The Parties agree that this Stipulated Judgment sets forth the final entire agreement between them relating to their settlement and that this document merges and supersedes all prior discussions, agreements, understandings, representations, and all other communications between them relating to the subject matter of this Stipulated Judgment.

Each provision of this Stipulated Judgment shall be interpreted in such a manner as to be valid and enforceable under applicable law, but if any provision of this Stipulated Judgment is hereinafter modified or invalidated by further order of a court of competent jurisdiction, that provision shall be invalidated only to that extent, without thereby invalidating the remainder of that provision or of any other provision. If any provision of this Stipulated Judgment is modified or invalidated as set forth above, or any funding decision made pursuant to the Stipulated Judgment, becomes prohibited or invalid under any applicable law, then the Parties shall negotiate in good faith and seek to agree upon a substitute provision or funding decision consistent with the intent of this Agreement which avoids the legal defect that resulted in the prohibition or invalidity. If the Parties cannot agree on such a substitute provision or funding decision, the Parties shall submit the issue to the Arbitrator.

XVIII

RELEASE OF CLAIMS

The parties hereby release all claims relating to the issuance of the China Shipping Lease and Coastal Development Permit for the China Shipping Project alleged in this action entitled Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., et al. v. City of Los Angeles, et al. This limited release shall not extend to any other matter, does not release any of the rights and obligations under this Stipulated Judgment, and shall not extend to any action to enforce or interpret the provisions of this Agreement. This release shall not extend to any dispute regarding the adequacy or

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compliance with CEQA of the China Shipping EIR to be prepared pursuant to this Agreement, including but not limited to its discussion of traffic impacts. The Parties agree that all disputes, including claims for attorneys' fees and costs, regarding the Stipulated Judgment entered on March 6, 2003 and existing as of the Effective Date of this Amended Stipulated Judgment shall be deemed resolved without further modification of the Stipulated Judgment, with each side having agreed to bear their own attorneys' fees and the costs are resolved.

XIX

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

- A. <u>No Admission.</u> Nothing in this Stipulated Judgment shall be construed as or deemed for any purpose to be an admission or denial as to the validity of any claims or defenses. The Parties agree that if this Stipulated Judgment is not entered as a stipulated judgment by the Los Angeles Superior Court and therefore does not become effective, no Party can use any part of this Stipulated Judgment in any way in any legal proceeding.
- B. <u>Warranty of Authority.</u> Each of the Parties represents and warrants that it has the right, power and authority to execute this Stipulated Judgment.
- C. Written Waiver. A waiver of any provision of this Stipulated Judgment shall not be effective unless such a waiver is made expressly in writing. A written waiver of any one breach shall not be deemed a waiver of any other breach of the same or any other provision of this Stipulated Judgment.
- D. <u>Legal Counsel and Joint Preparation</u>. The Parties affirm that they have been represented by counsel of their own choosing regarding the preparation and negotiation of this Stipulated Judgment and the matters set forth herein, and that each of them has read this Stipulated Judgment Agreement and is fully aware of its contents and its legal effect. The language of all parts of this Stipulated Judgment shall in all cases be construed as a whole, according to its fair meaning, and not strictly for or against any Party. No presumptions or rules of interpretation based upon the identity of the Party preparing or drafting the Stipulated Judgment, or any part thereof, shall be applicable or invoked.

- E. <u>Binding on Successors.</u> This Stipulated Judgment shall be binding on and inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Parties.
- F. <u>Counterparts.</u> This Stipulated Judgment may be executed in counterparts, and when all Parties have executed this Stipulated Judgment, each counterpart will be deemed an original.
- G. <u>Captions</u>. Captions are included herein for ease of reference only. The captions are not intended to affect the meaning of the contents or scope of this Settlement Agreement.
- H. <u>Notices.</u> Notices or other communications given or required to be given under this Stipulated Judgment, shall be effective only if rendered or given in writing by overnight mail, hand delivery, or email or facsimile transmission if such email or facsimile transmission is confirmed by live telephone conversation, to the Party's representative identified below:

1	For Respondents:	Lawry Vollow Erromytivya Dimoston
	roi Kespondents.	Larry Keller, Executive Director Port of Los Angeles
2		425 South Palos Verdes Street
3		San Pedro CA 90731
		Facsimile No.: (310) 831-6936
4		Email: lkeller@portla.org
5		Telephone: (310) 732-3456
6		Dr. Ralph Appy,
١		Director of Environmental Management
7		Port of Los Angeles
8	•	425 South Palos Verdes Street
		San Pedro CA 90731
9		Facsimile No.: (310) 547-4643
10		Email: rappy@portla.org
		Telephone: (310) 732-3497
11		Thomas A. Russell, Senior Assistant City Attorney
12		Harbor Department, City Attorney's Office
10		415 South Palos Verdes Street
13		Facsimile No.: (310) 831-9778
14		Email: trussell@portla.org
15		Telephone: (310) 732-3750
	For Petitioners:	Julie Masters, Esq.
16	· .	Natural Resources Defense Council
17		1314 Second Street
18		Santa Monica, CA 90401
,	·	Facsimile No.: (310) 434-2399
19	A	Email: jmasters@nrdc.org
20		Telephone: (310) 434-2300
21		Andrew Mardesich, President
21		San Pedro Peninsula Homeowners United, Inc.
22		1931 Bardale Ave.
23		San Pedro, CA 90731
		Facsimile No.: (310) 832-4919 Email: amardesich@earthlink.net
24		Telephone: (310) 832-4919
25	///	
26	"	
	///	
27	///	
20	1	

1 2 3 4 5	Noel Park, President San Pedro and Peninsula Homeowners' Coalition 3233 South Walker Avenue San Pedro, CA 90731 Facsimile No.: (562) 804-5210 Email: jdcorvette@telis.org Telephone: (562) 804-5205			
6	Todd Campbell, Policy Director			
7	Coalition for Clean Air 523 West Sixth Street, 10th Floor			
8	Los Angeles, CA 90014 Facsimile No.: (213) 630-1158			
.9	Email: todd@coalitionforcleanair.org			
10	Telephone: (213) 630-1192			
11	I. <u>Effective Date.</u> This Amended Stipulated Judgment shall be effective on the date			
12	that it is entered as an amended stipulated judgment by the Los Angeles Superior Court.			
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	38 [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON			

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- (1) A writ of mandate has already been issued by this Court requiring preparation of a project-specific EIR for Phases I, II, and III the China Shipping Project.
- (2) Operation of Phases II and III is continued to be enjoined, pending certification of that EIR.
- (3) Based on this Amended Stipulated Judgment of the Parties, the writ of mandate and injunction previously issued by this Court are hereby modified so that construction and operation of Phase I may continue subject to the terms of this Stipulated Judgment, including the capacity cap set forth in Section XI.
- (4) This Court retains jurisdiction to enforce and administer the terms of this Amended Stipulated Judgment.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: 0-14-04 66

DZINTRA JANAVS

Honorable Dzintra Janavs
Judge, Los Angeles County Superior Court

(parties' signatures follow)

[PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

1	SIGNATURES OF PARTIES:	•
2	DATED: MAY 19, 2004	DATED: May 11, 2004
3	The Los Angeles Board of Harbor Commissioners	Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc.
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6	By:	By Gail Ruderman Feuer, Senior Atterney
7	Nicholas Tonsich, President	Auditimate Petici, Semoi Ationies
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. 9		DATED: 5/11/04
10	DATED: 5/19/04	San Pedro and Peninsula Homeowners Coalition
11 12	The City of Los Angeles Harbor Department and the City of Los Angeles by its Board of	1 0 4
13	Harbor Commissioners	Ву: //
14	James Halle	Noel Park, President
15	Ry: Larry Keller, Executive Director	<u> </u>
16		DATED:
17		San Pedro Peninsula Homeowners United, Inc.
18 19	DATED: 5/19/04	
20		Ву:
21	Attest: Lose M. Dwarshak	Andrew Mardesich, President
22	Board Secretary	
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24		DATED: Coalition for Clean Air, Inc.
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26	·	By:
27 28		Tim Carmichael, President/Chief Executive Officer
	40 [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFI	CATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON
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I	SIGNATURES OF PARTIES:	•
2	DATED:	DATED.
3	The Los Angeles Board of Harbor Commissioners	DATED: Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc.
4	Commissioners	
5		D.,,
6	By: Nicholas Tonsich, President	By: Gail Ruderman Feuer, Senior Attorney
7	Nicholas Tonsich, President	•
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9		DATED:
0	DATED:	San Pedro and Peninsula Homeowners Coalition
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	·	Noel Park, President
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5	Larry Keller, Executive Director	•
6 7		DATED: 5/11/04 San Pedro Peninsula Homeowners United,
8		Inc.
9	DATED:	
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1	Attest:	Andrew Mardesich, President
2	Board Secretary	
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4		DATED:
		Coalition for Clean Air, Inc.
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7	•	By: Tim Carmichael, President/Chief
3		Executive Officer
	40 [PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MOD	DIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON
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1	SIGNATURES OF PARTIES:	
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3	Commissioners	Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc.
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l	D.	By:
6	By:Nicholas Tonsich, President	Gail Ruderman Feuer, Senior Attorney
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APPROVED AS TO FORM:

DATED: May 18,2004
ROCKARD J. DELGADILLO, City
Attorney

By: ______

Thomas A. Russell Senior Assistant City Attorney City of Los Angeles DATED: YOU II, DOOY

NATURAL RESOURCES DEFENSE
COUNCIL, INC.; SAN PEDRO AND
PENINSULA HOMEOWNERS
COALITION; SAN PEDRO PENINSULA
HOMEOWNERS UNITED, INC.;
COALITION FOR CLEAN AIR, INC.

Gail Ruderman Feuer Senior Attorney

Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc.

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT

COURT OF APPEAL - SECOND DIST.

DIVISION FOUR

OCT 23 2002

JOSEPH A. LANE

S. YEVERKA

Clerk

Deputy Clerk

NATURAL RESOURCES DEFENSE COUNCIL, INC., et al.,

Plaintiffs and Appellants,

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CITY OF LOS ANGELES, PORT OF LOS ANGELES, and LOS ANGELES BOARD OF HARBOR COMMISSIONERS,

Defendants and Respondents.

B159157

(Super. Ct. No. BS070017) (Dzintra Janavs, Judge)

TEMPORARY STAY ORDER

THE COURT:*

Pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 923, and pending further order by a court of competent jurisdiction, the court hereby issues a stay effective immediately of portions of the China Shipping Project which is the subject of appeal No. B159157, as follows:

- 1. Completion of the wharf at Berth 100 beyond 1,000 feet, currently estimated to be completed by December 20, 2002;
- 2. Erection and operation of the cranes currently scheduled to be delivered within the next few weeks;

- 3. Operation of Phase I of the China Shipping Project;
- 4. Construction and operation of Phases II and III of the China Shipping Project.

This stay does not prevent: completion of the storm drain system; completion of the backlands including security fences, permanent lights and power; use of the backlands for container storage; offloading and storage of the cranes at Berth 100.

*VOGEL (C.S.), P.J. EPSTEIN, J. HASTINGS,).

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EXHIBIT B

AGREEMENT TO SUPPLY AND TO USE ALTERNATIVE MARITIME POWER AND LOW PROFILE CRANES

The Parties to this Agreement are the Port of Los Angeles ("the Port"), the City of Los Angeles, China Shipping Holding Co., (North America), Ltd., ("China Shipping"), and the Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc. ("NRDC"), on its own behalf and on behalf of petitioners in the action entitled Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., et al. v. City of Los Angeles, et al., Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BS 070017. The Parties agree as follows:

- 1. The Port shall pay the cost of equipping China Shipping vessels to use Alternative Maritime Power ("AMP") up to the aggregate cost of \$5 million. Subject to the opening of Phase I of the Terminal assigned to China Shipping pursuant to Permit No. 999, including Berths 97-100, China Shipping shall retrofit four vessels equipped to operate on AMP at the Port and use AMP for hoteling pursuant to the following schedule:
 - a. By August 31, 2004, China Shipping shall retrofit two vessels, which vessels shall be
 dedicated to service of the Port of Los Angeles and shall call at Berths 97-109 ("the
 Terminal") and use AMP while docked at berth;
 - b. During the period from August 31, 2004 through January 1, 2005, a minimum of 30% of ship calls, on average, at the Terminal shall utilize AMP while at berth;
 - c. By January 1, 2005, China Shipping shall retrofit a total of three vessels, which vessels shall be dedicated to service of the Port of Los Angeles and shall call at the Terminal and use AMP while docked at berth;

- d. During the period from January 1, 2005 through July 1, 2005, a minimum of 60% of ship calls, on average, at the Terminal shall utilize AMP while at berth;
- e. By March 31, 2005, China Shipping shall retrofit a total of four vessels, which vessels shall call at the Terminal and use AMP while docked at berth;
- f. For every twelve-month-period commencing July 1, 2005, a minimum of 70% of ship calls, on average, at the Terminal shall utilize AMP while at berth.
- g. If for reasons of a vessel emergency or vessel casualty, a China Shipping AMP-equipped vessel is out of service and unavailable for use at the Terminal, the percentage of AMP calls required at the Terminal shall be reduced at an annual rate of 10% for the period of unavailability. In this case, China Shipping shall provide notice to the parties of the emergency or casualty and the reasons therefore.
- 2. China Shipping may equip additional vessels for AMP use, such to be paid for by the Port up to the \$5 million aggregate cost. China Shipping may commence use of Phase I of the Terminal, as defined in the Amended Stipulated Judgment, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Subject to the feasibility provisions in Paragraph 5 herein, the Port shall compensate China Shipping and any other user of the Terminal affiliated with China Shipping, for any additional cost of AMP power above the cost of power supplied by vessel generators based on the prevailing cost of fuel on the date of the vessel's arrival. These costs shall include the additional costs of connecting and disconnecting the vessel to the power source. The Port shall compensate China Shipping for the additional cost of electricity for AMP use above the cost of power supplied by the vessel generators based upon the prevailing industrial charge for electricity and the prevailing cost of fuel on the date of that vessel's arrival ("Excess AMP)

Cost") up to but not to exceed \$3 million per calendar year for the terminal. This calculation of Excess AMP Cost shall exclude the cost of equipping China Shipping vessels to use AMP subject to the aggregate cost cap of \$5 million referenced in numbered paragraph 1 above and the costs of connecting and disconnecting the vessels and power source. If the Excess AMP Cost exceeds \$3 million, the percentage requirements of AMP usage pursuant to paragraph 1 shall be reduced in an amount so that the Excess AMP Cost is \$3 million per calendar year; in this event, the Port shall not be responsible for Alternative Air Emissions Mitigation.

- 3. The Port shall make good faith efforts to ensure that the infrastructure to provide AMP, including the barge delivering AMP ("AMP Infrastructure"), is available for use upon arrival by any China Shipping AMP-equipped vessel that calls at the Terminal. China Shipping shall give the Port 48 hours advanced notice that an AMP-equipped vessel will be arriving at the Terminal. If an AMP-equipped China Shipping vessel calls at the Terminal and China Shipping has provided the Port with the required advance notice of that vessel call, but the AMP Infrastructure is not available to provide electric power to the ship, then the vessel may use its on-board generators for power until such time as AMP becomes available. If an AMP-equipped vessel runs its on-board generators at the Terminal as a result of the lack of availability of AMP under this paragraph, the ship call will still count as an AMP call for purposes of calculating the percentage AMP under paragraph 1.
- 4. China Shipping shall be entitled to use its AMP-equipped vessels at other terminals within the port, including those terminals that are not equipped for AMP use. China Shipping may count a vessel call by a China Shipping vessel at a berth other than the Terminal as an AMP

call at the Terminal for purposes of calculating the percentage AMP usage under paragraph 1 if the China Shipping vessel calling at a berth other than the Terminal is equipped with the necessary AMP connection and uses AMP while at berth. Notwithstanding paragraph 3 of this Agreement, if the AMP Infrastructure is unavailable for a ship calling at another berth or if such ship does not use AMP while at berth for any reason, that ship call shall not count for purposes of calculating the percentage AMP usage under paragraph 1.

5. If AMP use at the Terminal is determined by mutual agreement of the Parties or by the Arbitrator to be infeasible within the meaning of this Agreement, China Shipping shall not be required to use AMP at the Port under this Agreement. The use of AMP may be deemed infeasible only in the event that the use of AMP, and not the negligence of China Shipping, the Port, or any of their agents or contractors, causes one or more of the following problems, which problem(s) cannot be remedied through reasonable modifications to AMP or other reasonable measures: (a) a significant and unreasonable risk of injury or death to vessel, stevedore, terminal or other personnel; (b) a significant and unreasonable risk of damage to the vessel, cargo, or terminal property; (c) a violation of a Federal, State or local law or regulation that is not de minimis; (d) significant and recurring loss of power to the vessel that unreasonably affects China Shipping's operations; (e) significant and recurring interference with vessel loading and unloading operations that unreasonably affects China Shipping's operations, or vessel departures as a result of the act of connecting or disconnecting the vessel to or from the AMP that unreasonably affects China Shipping's operations. The Parties agree that costs related to the

categories above may be considered in the determination of infeasibility. The Parties further agree that this feasibility test shall have no effect on the Port's determinations under CEQA.

- 6. If a determination of AMP infeasibility is made by mutual agreement of the Parties or by the Arbitrator pursuant to this Agreement, the Parties shall meet and confer concerning appropriate alternative air emissions mitigation and, if the Parties cannot reach agreement, any Party may submit the matter for binding arbitration pursuant to the arbitration procedures of the Amended Stipulated Judgment. The plan for Alternative Air Emissions Mitigation shall be adopted within 180 days of the Arbitrator's determination of infeasibility, if any, with implementation of the plan as soon as practicable thereafter. The Parties agree that the Port's obligation for Alternative Air Emissions Mitigation shall be up to but not exceed \$3.0 million annually. The Port and China Shipping shall cooperate in an effort to achieve on a yearly basis equivalent amounts of emissions reductions as would have been achieved by China Shipping's use of AMP at the Terminal at full capacity assuming 70% of the ships docked at the Terminal use AMP, but that the costs of this Alternative Air Emissions Mitigation shall be up to but not exceed \$3.0 million annually. The Alternative Air Emissions Mitigation shall be in addition to (1) the mitigation measures committed to in Section VIII.A of the Amended Stipulated Judgment; and (2) the mitigation measures adopted to mitigate an air quality impact of the China Shipping Project other than from ship hoteling.
- 7. The four existing conventional gantry cranes presently at the Terminal may remain and be operated at the Terminal. If Berth 102 is constructed, then prior to commencing operations at Berth 102 China Shipping shall cause the installation on Berth 102 of two "low

profile" cranes that are designed to reduce visual impact. If the total price of these two cranes exceeds \$25 million, including but not limited to design costs of the supplier and its subcontractor, then the Port or China Shipping may submit to the Arbitrator the question of whether that cost makes those cranes infeasible. Low profile cranes include cranes that are designed to reduce visual impact by the use of a horizontal boom that does not need to be raised up when the crane is not in use such that the overall crane height is reduced to 185 feet or less when the crane is not in use and mobile harbor cranes. The Port agrees to pay all costs of the purchase, preparation, delivery, maintenance and repair (including planning, inspection, consulting and design) of the two low profile cranes for Berth 102 in excess of what conventional gantry cranes would cost, subject to the condition that the low profile cranes comply with the Specification issued by the Port dated March 11, 2003, Addendum 1, and technical deviations submitted by ZPMC, as modified by the letter from ZPMC to the Port dated April 14, 2004, including but not limited to the cost estimate of \$9.9 million per crane. The Port shall take, and agrees to pay for, all measures necessary to ensure that the load bearing capability of the Phase II terminal will be sufficient to allow the installation, and normal and safe operation of the low-profile cranes. If Berth 102 is not utilized as a berth for container operations, then the Port shall bear all costs of transport and storage and, if applicable, disposal of the low profile cranes. At its option and sole discretion, the Port may purchase the cranes at their fair market value. If the cranes are not utilized at Berth 102 pursuant to this paragraph, and use of the cranes is feasible, the Port shall cause the low-profile cranes to be utilized at another terminal. If additional cranes are purchased for use at Berth 102, they shall be low profile cranes unless low profile cranes are determined to be infeasible as provided in paragraphs 8 and 9 below.

- 8. If the use of the low profile cranes at Berth 102 is determined by mutual agreement of the parties or by the Arbitrator to be infeasible within the meaning of this Agreement, China Shipping shall not be required to use the low profile cranes on Berth 102. The use of low profile cranes may be deemed infeasible only if: (1) the use of the low profile cranes does not meet standard industry requirements for the movement of containers between the vessels and the Terminal; (2) the infeasibility is not the result of the negligence or failure of China Shipping, the Port, or any of their agents, limited partners or contractors; and (3) the infeasibility cannot be remedied through reasonable modifications to the low-profile cranes or related infrastructure. The Parties agree that costs related to these categories may be considered in the determination of infeasibility. In no event shall the low profile cranes' technical or operational requirements exceed those of the existing four cranes used at Berths 97-100. The Parties agree that this feasibility test shall have no effect on the Port's determinations under CEQA.
- 9. Any dispute among the parties arising out of or related to the feasibility of AMP use or use of low-profile cranes, a breach of the schedule and/or percentages of AMP use pursuant to paragraph 1 above, or Alternative Air Emissions Mitigation that cannot be resolved by mutual agreement of the parties shall be referred to the Arbitrator, selected by the process described in Section VII of the Amended Stipulated Judgment in the above-mentioned action, for determination according to the following procedures and standards; arbitration regarding the feasibility of AMP and Alternative Air Emissions Mitigation shall be binding:
- a. Any party may, at any time, demand arbitration pursuant to this Agreement regarding (1) the feasibility of AMP based solely on the conditions described in paragraphs 5(a) through (c) hereof, (2) application of the cap for payment of excess AMP costs pursuant to

paragraph 2 above, (3) a breach of the schedule and/or percentage of AMP use pursuant to paragraph 1 above, or (4) if AMP is determined to be infeasible in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, Alternative Air Emissions Mitigation pursuant to paragraph 6 above.

- b. No party may demand arbitration regarding the feasibility of AMP based on the conditions described in paragraphs 5(d) through 5(f), until the requirements under paragraph 9(c) have been fulfilled, unless (1) the continued use of AMP is rendered wholly and immediately ineffective over a sufficient period of time to demonstrate that the vessel cannot perform its required functions without the use of its on-board power generators, (2) where the failure is not the result of the negligence of China Shipping, the Port, or any of their agents, limited partners, or contractors, and (3) the failure cannot be remedied through reasonable modifications to AMP or other reasonable measures.
- c. After a six-month period during which 60% or more of the vessels calling at the Terminal use AMP, any party may demand arbitration of any dispute regarding the feasibility of AMP based on any of the conditions described in paragraphs 5(d) through 5(f). After a three-month period of use of the low-profile cranes for the loading and unloading of containers, any party may demand arbitration of any dispute regarding the feasibility of the use of low-profile cranes based on the conditions described in paragraph 8. If the continued use of the low profile cranes is rendered wholly and immediately ineffective over a sufficient period of time (including testing) to demonstrate that the cranes cannot perform their required functions, then any party may demand arbitration at that time.
 - d. Any demand for arbitration of any issue under this Agreement shall be made in writing to all parties, with a copy to the Arbitrator. The demand shall include a detailed statement of the issue or issues to be presented to the Arbitrator, the grounds on which relief is

sought, and the evidence supporting such request for relief. Any other party shall have the right to respond to a demand for arbitration. Following a written demand for arbitration, the parties shall meet in an attempt to resolve any disputes regarding feasibility. All parties agree to provide within 15 days of a written request all information relevant to a determination of feasibility and, if a determination of infeasibility is made, information relevant to equivalent emissions reductions, unless the parties mutually agree to a different time limit, or the Arbitrator extends the time limit.

- e. Arbitration proceedings shall commence immediately following a demand for arbitration made by any party under this agreement. An arbitration hearing shall commence on a schedule to be agreed upon by the parties or determined by the Arbitrator, but shall be held no later than sixty days following the demand for arbitration. The Arbitrator shall at all times retain the authority to issue such orders as he or she deems appropriate with respect to the time, place and manner in which the arbitration shall proceed. The parties shall be entitled to present evidence at the arbitration according to rules and procedures established by the Arbitrator. Section VII.F of the Amended Stipulated Judgment in the above-mentioned action shall apply to these arbitration proceedings.
- f. The use of AMP will not be required for sixty days from the time a written demand for arbitration is made regarding the feasibility of conditions described in paragraph 5, unless the Arbitrator orders otherwise. If the use of AMP ceases during the sixty day period allowed by this subsection or by order of the Arbitrator, then the period of time during which AMP is not required shall not be considered in calculating the AMP percentage requirements set forth in paragraph 1 of this Agreement.

PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL

(Code Civ. Proc. secs. 1013(a), 2015.5)

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I declare that I am employed with the law firm of Morrison & Foerster LLP, whose address is 555 West Fifth Street, Suite 3500, Los Angeles, California 90013-1024; I am not a party to the within cause; I am over the age of eighteen years and I am readily familiar with Morrison & Foerster's practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service and know that in the ordinary course of Morrison & Foerster's business practice the document described below will be deposited with the United States Postal Service on the same date that it is placed at Morrison & Foerster with postage thereon fully prepaid for collection and mailing.

I further declare that on the date hereof I served a copy of:

[PROPOSED] AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON

on the following by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows for collection and mailing at Morrison & Foerster LLP, 555 West Fifth Street, Suite 3500, Los Angeles, California 90013-1024, in accordance with Morrison & Foerster's ordinary business practices:

Gail Ruderman Feuer, Esq. Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc. 1314 Second Street Santa Monica, CA 90401

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed at Los Angeles, California, this 9th day of June, 2004.

Cheryl Lawson (typed)

(signature)

1 PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL (Code Civ. Proc. secs. 1013(a), 2015.5) 2 I declare that I am employed with the law firm of Morrison & Foerster LLP, whose address 3 is 555 West Fifth Street, Suite 3500, Los Angeles, California 90013-1024; I am not a party to the within cause; I am over the age of eighteen years and I am readily familiar with Morrison & 4 Foerster's practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service and know that in the ordinary course of Morrison & Foerster's business 5 practice the document described below will be deposited with the United States Postal Service on the same date that it is placed at Morrison & Foerster with postage thereon fully prepaid for 6 collection and mailing. 7 I further declare that on the date hereof I served a copy of: 8 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF AMENDED STIPULATED JUDGMENT, MODIFICATION OF STAY, AND ORDER THEREON 9 on the following by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as 10 follows for collection and mailing at Morrison & Foerster LLP, 555 West Fifth Street, Suite 3500, Los Angeles, California 90013-1024, in accordance with Morrison & Foerster's ordinary 11 business practices: 12 Gail Ruderman Feuer, Esq. Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc. 13 1314 Second Street 14 Santa Monica, CA 90401 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above 15 is true and correct. 16 Executed at Los Angeles, California, this 18th day of June, 2004. 17 18 19 20 Cheryl Lawson signature (typed) 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

PROOF OF SERVICE

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