

**“FOR INFORMATION ONLY”**

**DATE: MARCH 10, 2016**

**TO: BOARD OF HARBOR COMMISSIONERS**

**SUBJECT: FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE RESULTS FOR  
FISCAL YEAR 2015/16 ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016**

Financial performance results for the first eight months of Fiscal Year 2015/16 have been provided below and have been summarized relative to both budget and prior year. Cargo volumes (as measured by TEUs or twenty-foot equivalent units) in the month of February increased 42.0% relative to February 2015 such that cargo volumes for the Fiscal Year-to-Date (FYTD) period are 6.7% above the prior FYTD period. However, it is worth noting that prior year cargo volumes, particularly cargo volumes observed in January and February 2015 had been severely negatively impacted by congestion throughout the San Pedro Bay port complex. In summary, performance results for the Harbor Department are as follows:

FYTD February 2016	Actuals (Cargo Volumes in Thousands, \$ in Millions)	Actual-to- Budget Comparison	Year-on-Year Comparison
Cargo Volumes	5,675	▲ 4.6%	▲ 6.7%
Operating Revenues	\$ 279.3	▲ 2.8%	▲ 2.8%
Operating Expenses	\$ 131.7	▼ (13.1%)	▲ 4.8%
Operating Income	\$ 147.6	▲ 23.0%	▲ 1.1%
Net Income	\$ 43.3	▲ 24.5%	▼ (34.9%)

FYTD total Operating Revenues have increased relative to budget as all revenue categories currently exceed their respective FYTD budgets. Despite the continuance of reduced volumes at terminals with higher TEU rates and increased volumes at terminals with lower TEU rates, Shipping Services revenues exceeded its FYTD budget due to the aforementioned higher FYTD cargo volumes. In addition to the favorable impact of higher Shipping Services, total Operating Revenues further benefitted from higher than budgeted Rental revenues, one-time settlements related to the September 2014 Pasha terminal fire and higher parking fees. Relative to prior FYTD results, total Operating

**SUBJECT: FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE RESULTS**

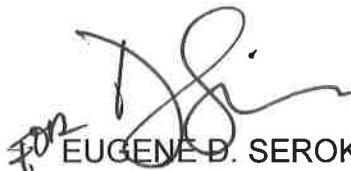
Revenues increased as higher wharfage, the receipt of one-time insurance proceeds and higher land rental rates were only partially offset by the recording of one-time catch-up payments in the prior fiscal year as well as lower utility reimbursements and lower space assignment revenues in the current fiscal year.

Despite higher than budgeted City Services, total FYTD Operating Expenses ultimately fell 13.1% below budget due to lower average headcount, lower than budgeted electricity expenses as well as timing differences with respect to outside services and other operating expenses. Total FYTD Operating Expenses have increased by 4.8% relative to the prior fiscal year as Memorandum of Understanding salary increases, lower salary/outside services/overhead capitalization and higher city services expenditures more than offset salary savings from lower average headcount.

Relative to budgeted figures, the combination of lower total Operating Expenses and higher total Operating Revenues favorably impacted margins such that FYTD operating margins were reported at 52.8% versus a budget of 44.2%. It is important to note that as vacancies are filled, and, as timing issues with respect to outside services and other operating expenses are resolved, total Operating Expenses may approach budget as FY 2015/16 progresses. Furthermore, as evidenced by City Services exceeding budget on a FYTD basis, we anticipate requesting a budget transfer to fund any anticipated shortfalls within the City Services account prior to the June 30 fiscal year end.

**Capital Improvement Program (CIP)**

CIP spending for the FYTD period ended February 29, 2016 based on internal estimates reached \$94.4 million or about 47% of the total \$198.8 million CIP adopted budget. Total projected Harbor Department CIP spending is currently expected to fall below the total CIP adopted budget by fiscal year-end.



EUGENE D. SEROKA  
Executive Director

**Transmittals:**

1. TEU Throughput Comparison – FYTD February 2016
2. Actual-to-Budget FY 2015/16 – February
3. Year-to-Year Performance Report YTD February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015

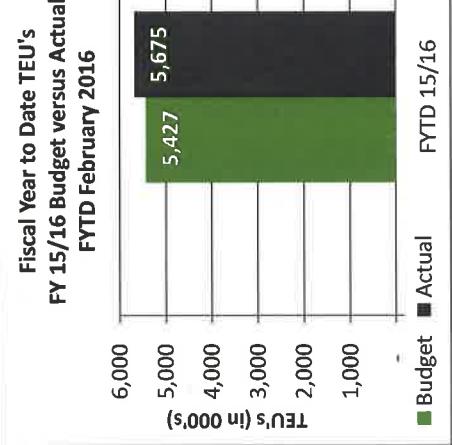
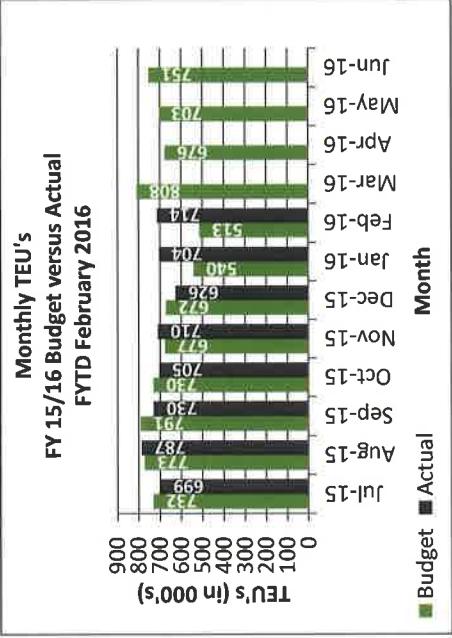
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MB:MM/Finance  
cc: Deputy Executive Directors

HARBOR DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES  
TEU THROUGHPUT COMPARISON - FYTD FEBRUARY 2016

TRANSMITTAL 1

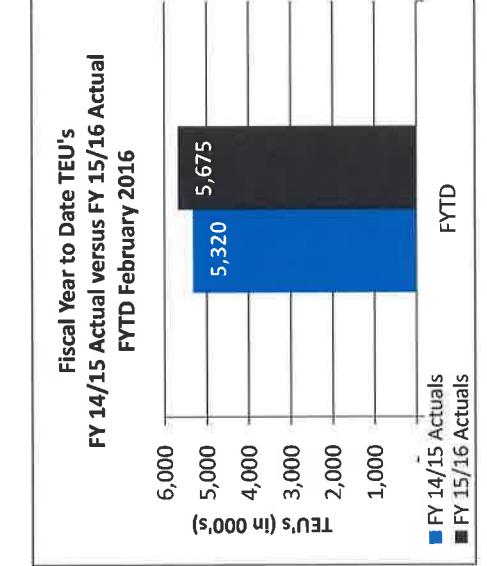
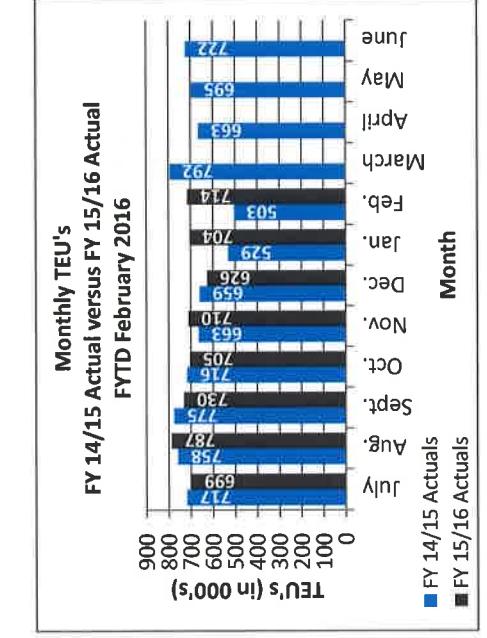
Budget versus Actuals Comparison  
FY 15/16 Budget vs. FY 15/16 Actuals

Month	TEU's (in 000's)	FY 15/16 Budget	FY 15/16 Actuals	% △
Jul-15	732	699	-4.5%	
Aug-15	773	787	1.8%	
Sep-15	791	730	-7.6%	
Oct-15	730	705	-3.5%	
Nov-15	677	710	4.9%	
Dec-15	672	626	-6.9%	
Jan-16	540	704	30.5%	
Feb-16	513	714	39.2%	
Mar-16	808			
Apr-16	676			
May-16	703			
Jun-16	751			
FYTD 15/16	5,427	5,675	4.6%	
FY 15/16 Budget	8,365			



Year-to-Year Actuals Comparison  
FY 14/15 Actuals vs. FY 15/16 Actuals

Month	TEU's (in 000's)	FY 14/15 Actuals	FY 15/16 Actuals	% △
July	717	699	-2.5%	
Aug.	758	787	3.8%	
Sept.	775	730	-5.8%	
Oct.	716	705	-1.6%	
Nov.	663	710	7.0%	
Dec.	659	626	-4.9%	
Jan.	529	704	33.0%	
Feb.	503	714	42.0%	
March	792			
April	663			
May	695			
June	722			
FYTD	5,320	5,675	6.7%	
FY 14/15 Actuals	8,191			

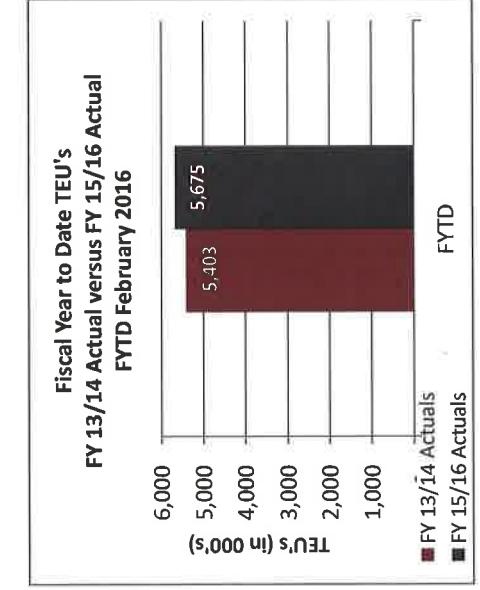
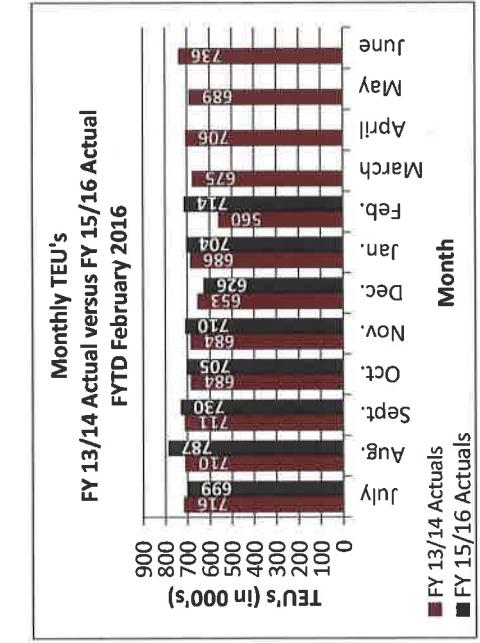


HARBOR DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES  
TEU THROUGHPUT COMPARISON - FYTD FEBRUARY 2016

TRANSMITTAL 1

Year-to-Year Actuals Comparison  
FY 13/14 Actuals vs. FY 15/16 Actuals

Month	TEU's (in 000's)	FY 13/14 Actuals	FY 15/16 Actuals	% △	
July	716	699	-2.3%	0	
Aug.	710	787	10.8%	▲	
Sep.	711	730	2.7%	▲	
Oct.	684	705	3.0%	▲	
Nov.	684	710	3.8%	▲	
Dec.	653	626	-4.1%	▼	
Jan.	686	704	2.8%	▲	
Feb.	560	714	27.5%	▲	
March	675				
April	706				
May	689				
June	736				
FYTD		5,403	5,675	5.0%	▲
FY 13/14 Actuals	8,210				



## Budget-Actual Performance Report

## The Port of Los Angeles - Harbor Department FYTD February 29, 2016

## TRANSMITTAL 2

	Fiscal Year Actual FY 2015/16 Fiscal YTD - Feb. 2016	Fiscal Year Budget FY 2015/16 Fiscal YTD - Feb. 2016	Actual-to-Budget Comparison %	Notes (\$ in millions)
	\$ in thousands	\$	%	
<b>Operating Revenues</b>				
Shipping Services	233,156	232,338	818	0.4% Higher than budgeted wharfage revenues of \$2.7 resulting from higher than budgeted TEUs, higher lay day fees \$0.6 and higher dockage \$0.3, partially offset by lower than budgeted space assignment <\$2.4> and pilotage revenues <\$0.4>
Rentals	30,714	25,463	5,251	20.6% Higher revenues than budgeted for Westrec Marina/Cathay Pacific \$2.0, Union Pacific Railroad \$1.5 and higher land rental rates due to rents and CPI increases. \$1.7
Royalties, Fees and Other Revenues	14,129	12,805	1,323	10.3% Higher operating refunds & reimbursements of \$5.7 and parking fees \$0.8, partially offset by lower utility reimbursements <\$3.9> and higher credits for tenant services <\$1.3>
Clean Truck Program Revenues	1,270	1,002	268	26.7% Higher annual truck fees and concession application fees than budgeted \$0.2
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<b>279,268</b>	<b>271,607</b>	<b>7,661</b>	<b>2.8%</b>
<b>Operating Expenses</b>				
Gross Salaries & Benefits	86,512 (14,470)	96,185 (11,686)	(9,673) (2,783)	(10.1%) 23.8% Primarily due to lower average filled positions (892 vs. 940 budgeted) Overhead capitalization <\$5.4>, partially offset by lower direct capitalization \$2.6
Capitalization				
Net Salaries & Benefits	72,042	84,499	(12,456) (694)	(14.7%) (27.6%) Timing of promotional sponsorships and advertising <\$0.4> and overhead capitalization <\$0.2>
Marketing & Public Relations	1,817	2,511	(355) (355)	(48.5%) (42.7%) Timing of legal fees & services spending <\$2.1>, timing of environmental assessment services <\$2.0>, higher capitalization of C&M outside services <\$1.9>, timing of maintenance spending <\$0.9>, timing of port security spending <\$0.2>, timing of IT spending <\$0.4>, timing of waterfront and commercial real estate services <\$0.4>, timing of cargo marketing spending <\$0.2>, timing of government services <\$0.2> and overhead allocations <\$1.0>
Travel	378	734	(9,904)	
Outside Services	13,285	23,189		
Materials & Supplies	3,722 25,683	4,720 25,124	(998) 559	(21.1%) 22.2% Higher fire services \$1.4, higher city attorney \$0.7 and higher recreation and parks services \$0.4, partially offset by overhead allocation <\$1.9>
City Services				
(1) Allocations to Capital - Overhead	(1,083)	(11,941)	10,859	(90.9%) Lower aggregate overhead allocations \$1.3
(2) Other Operating Expenses	15,501	22,158	(6,656)	(30.0%) Lower electricity <\$2.9>, higher overhead capitalization <\$0.7>, lower water/gas <\$0.7>, lower insurance <\$0.3>, lower telephone <\$0.2>, lower equipment rental <\$0.1>, lower memberships/subscriptions/books <\$0.1> and lower environmental incentives <\$0.1>, as well as timing of workers' compensation <\$1.0>, litigation <\$0.4> and bad debt <\$0.1> expenses
Clean Truck Program Expenses	358	618	(260)	(42.1%)
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>131,705</b>	<b>151,611</b>	<b>(19,906)</b>	<b>(13.1%)</b>
<b>Income Before Depreciation</b>	<b>147,563</b>	<b>119,997</b>	<b>27,567</b>	<b>23.0%</b>
Provision for Depreciation	108,752	86,755	21,996	25.0%
<b>Income From Operations</b>	<b>38,812</b>	<b>33,241</b>	<b>5,570</b>	<b>16.8%</b>
(3) Non-Operating Revenue	7,500	5,047	2,452	48.6% Higher interest/investment income \$2.9, higher rebates/lite charges/discounts/misc. \$1.0 and higher pass-through grant receipts \$0.2, partially offset by lower federal/state operating grants <\$1.7>
(4) Non-Operating Expenses	(2,989)	(3,500)	511	(14.6%) Lower interest expense <\$1.0>, lower capital projects closed to expense <\$0.4>, lower misc. non-operating expenses <\$0.4> and lower commercial paper costs <\$0.3>, partially offset by lower interest capitalization \$0.8, bond redemption accounting adjustment \$0.3, higher bond issuance costs \$0.3 and higher pass-through grant disbursements \$0.2
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>43,323</b>	<b>34,789</b>	<b>8,534</b>	<b>24.5%</b>

Notes:

(1) Allocations to capital - overhead are allocated to individual accounts within the presentation of actual results; however, these overhead allocations are not allocated to individual accounts for budgetary purposes. Allocations to capital - overhead for the fiscal year-to-date period totaled \$10.6 million relative to a budget of \$11.9 million.

(2) Primary for: Electricity \$8.9; Insurance \$2.1; Telephone \$1.0; Water & Gas \$1.0; Environmental Incentives \$1.0; Litigation/Claims \$0.8; Equipment Rental/Permits/License/Fees \$0.7; Memberships/Subscriptions/Books \$0.6; Taxes & Assessments \$0.1; Overhead Allocations <\$0.7>

(3) Primary for: Interest/Investment Income \$5.0; Rebates/lite Charges/Discounts/Misc. \$2.0; Federal/State Operating Grants \$0.3; Pass-Through Grant Receipts \$0.2

(4) Primary for: Interest Expense \$27.7; Capitalized Interest <\$27.4>; Capital Projects Closed to Expense \$1.2; Commercial Paper Costs \$0.5; Bond Redemption Accounting Adjustment \$0.3; Bond Issuance Costs \$0.3; Pass-Through Grant Disbursements \$0.2; Misc. Non-Op \$0.1

## Year-to-Year Performance Report

The Port of Los Angeles - Harbor Department  
FYTD February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015

TRANSMITTAL 3

	Current Fiscal Year FY 2015/16	Prior Fiscal Year FY 2014/15	Year-over-Year Change	\$	%	Notes (\$ in millions)
	Fiscal YTD - Feb. 2016	Fiscal YTD - Feb. 2015				
<b>\$ in thousands</b>						
<b>Operating Revenues</b>						
Shipping Services	233,156	219,913	13,243	6.0%	Higher overall wharfage \$14.0 (due to congestion in the prior year), higher pilothage \$0.2 and cruise ship lay day fees \$0.2, partially offset by lower space assignment <\$1.2>	
Rentals	30,714	33,722	(3,008)	(8.9%)	Prior year ICFF catch-up payments <\$4.8 (net)>, partially offset by higher land rental rates \$1.8	
Royalties, Fees and Other Revenues	14,129	15,537	(1,409)	(9.1%)	One-time BNSF/SCIG catch-up billing in the prior year <\$4.7>, lower utility reimbursements <\$1.8>, higher tenant credits <\$0.4> and lower oil lease royalties <\$0.1>, partially offset by higher operating refunds/reimbursements \$5.1 and higher parking fees \$0.5	
Clean Truck Program Revenues	1,270	2,426	(1,156)	(47.7%)	Lower concession application fees <\$1.4>, partially offset by higher annual truck fees \$0.2	
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<b>279,268</b>	<b>271,598</b>	<b>7,670</b>	<b>2.8%</b>		
<b>Operating Expenses</b>						
Gross Salaries & Benefits	86,512	87,519	(1,007)	(1.2%)	Lower average filled positions (892 vs. 919 prior year) partially offset by MOU salary increases	
Capitalization	(14,470)	(17,478)	3,008	(17.2%)	Lower direct capitalization \$1.5 and lower overhead capitalization \$1.5	
Net Salaries & Benefits	72,042	70,041	2,001	2.9%		
Marketing & Public Relations	1,817	2,068	(250)	(12.1%)	Lower promotional, sponsorships and advertising <\$0.2>	
Travel	378	385	(7)	(1.7%)		
Outside Services	13,285	10,278	3,007	29.3%	Lower direct expense capitalization \$3.8, higher demolition expenses (Pan Pacific) \$0.8, lower capitalization of C&M services \$0.3 and higher legal expenses \$0.1, partially offset by timing of environmental services <\$1.1>; lower port security spending <\$0.5> and lower red car spending <\$0.4>	
Materials & Supplies	3,722	3,707	15	0.4%		
City Services	25,683	22,515	3,168	14.1%	Higher fire services \$1.8, higher city attorney \$1.2, higher recreation and parks services \$0.4, higher miscellaneous services \$0.3 and lower overhead allocations \$0.3, partially offset by elimination of one-time paving expenses in the prior fiscal year <\$1.0>	
Allocations to Capital - Overhead	(1,083)		(1,083)			
(1) Other Operating Expenses	15,501	16,320	(819)	(5.0%)	Lower electricity expenses <\$1.0>, lower equipment rentals/purchases <\$0.9>, water & gas <\$0.7> and telephone expenses <\$0.2>, partially offset by lower overhead capitalization \$1.0, higher litigation/claims \$0.8 and higher memberships/subscriptions/books \$0.2	
Clean Truck Program Expenses	358	393	(35)	(8.9%)		
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>131,705</b>	<b>125,708</b>	<b>5,997</b>	<b>4.8%</b>		
<b>Income Before Depreciation</b>	<b>147,563</b>	<b>145,890</b>	<b>1,673</b>	<b>1.1%</b>		
Provision For Depreciation	108,732	81,583	27,169	33.3%		
<b>Income From Operations</b>	<b>38,812</b>	<b>64,307</b>	<b>(25,496)</b>	<b>(39.6%)</b>	Lower federal/state operating grants <\$3.3> and lower pass-through grant receipts <\$0.1>, partially offset by higher rebates/dale charges/discounts/misc. \$1.2 and higher interest/investment income \$0.8	
(2) Non-Operating Revenue	7,500	8,911	(1,411)	(15.8%)		
(3) Non-Operating Expenses	(2,989)	(6,689)	3,681	(55.2%)	Lower capital projects closed to expense <\$1.6>, lower loss on asset sales <\$1.1>, lower bond issuance costs <\$0.8>, lower commercial paper costs <\$0.4>, higher interest capitalization <\$0.4> and lower pass-through grant disbursements <\$0.1>, partially offset by higher interest expense \$0.4 and bond redemption accounting adjustment \$0.3	
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>43,323</b>	<b>66,549</b>	<b>(23,226)</b>	<b>(34.9%)</b>		

Notes:

(1) Primarily for: Electricity \$8.9; Insurance \$2.1; Telephone \$1.0; Water & Gas \$1.0; Environmental Incentives \$1.0; Litigation/Claims \$0.8; Equipment Rental/Permits/License/Fees \$0.7; Memberships/Subscriptions/Books \$0.6; Taxes & Assessments \$0.1; Overhead Allocations <\$0.7>

(2) Primarily for: Interest/Investment Income \$5.0; Rebates/Late Charges/Discounts/Misc. \$2.0; Federal/State Operating Grants \$0.3; Pass-through Grant Receipts \$0.2

(3) Primarily for: Interest Expense \$27.7; Capitalized Interest <\$27.7>; Capital Projects Closed to Expense \$1.2; Commercial Paper Costs \$0.5; Bond Redemption Accounting Adjustment \$0.3; Bond Issuance Costs \$0.3; Pass-through Grant Disbursements \$0.2; Misc. Non-Op \$0.1